

PALCZEWSKA, W.

The effect of catalytic poisons on the kinetics of heterogeneous recombination of hydrogen atoms. *Bil Ac Pol chim* 7 no.10:743-750 '59. (E&AI 9:6)

1. Laboratory of Physical Chemistry of Electrode Processes,
Institute of Physical Chemistry, Polish Academy of Sciences.
Presented by M. Smialowski.

(Hydrogen) (Atoms) (Arsine) (Catalysis)
(Hydrogen sulfide) (Silver) (Nickel) (Iron)

PALDI, Andras

Capacity problems of the sugar industry in the second five-year plan. Cukor 13 no.10:269-271 0 '60.

1. Orszagos Tervhivatal.

PALDI, Andras

Impressions on the development of the sugar industry in the
German Democratic Republic. Cukor 13 no.5:130-133 My '60.

1. Orszagos Tervhivatal.

PALDUS, J.

Distn: 422b(j)/4K34

A study of benzodithiophene by a simple M.O.-L.C.A.O. method. J. Korteky, J. Palus, and R. Zahradnik (Ustav fyzikalicheskoi khimii CSAV, Prague). Collection Czechoslovak Chem. Communs. 25, 817-24 (1960).—The benzodithiophene mol. was studied by the M.O.-L.C.A.O. method in the Hückel approxm. while using the Longuet-Higgins model for expressing the character of the S bond in this mol. The calcns. of the delocalization energies indicates the possible existence of a dithiophene cation. The great reactivity of the 2 position as compared with the 4 and 6 positions follows from the mol. diagrams and the values of the at. localization energies of the mol. in the form of a cation, free radical, and anion. E. Ardo

6
1-BW(BW)
2-Geoff(NB)X-ray
2

57 Participation of 3d orbitals in the nuclear band in aromatic compounds. Study of dibenzothiophene by the M.O.-LCAO method. J. Komárek, V. Šabadrák, and J. Pálka (Czechoslov. Acad. Sci., Prague). *J. chim. phys.* 60, 469-80 (1968).

Two models of the dibenzothiophene (I) mol. are considered: that of Longuet-Higgins (*C.A.* 43: 6392c), which assumes participation of the 3d orbitals of S in the form of hybridised $3p^2d^2$ orbitals, and makes the $-S-$ analogous to $-CH_2CH_2-$, and that of Berthier and Pullman (*C.A.* 43: 4801b) for dibenzo-cyclooctadiene, which is made applicable here by replacing $-CH_2-$ by $-S-$. The calcs. predict approx. the same reactivity for C 2, 3, and 4 in electrophilic substitution for the 1st model, but a smaller reactivity for C 3 compared to C 2 and 4 for the 2nd model. Exptl. data favor the 2nd model, but not conclusively. The 2nd model also predicts a larger value for the bathochromic shift of the electronic transition $N \rightarrow V_i$ on going from thiophene to benzothiophene to I. H. Newcombe

og
V1

4
4E3d
2g2 (NB)
4E2c (j)

2g2

PHZ 47-100-1
CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Physical Chemistry Electrochemistry. B

Abstr Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiy, No 11, 1958, 3556.

Author : Paldus Josef, Koutecky Jaroslav.

Inst : Not given

Title : Calculation o. Polarographic Kinetic Currents
at Two Simultaneously Occuring Chemical Reactions.
Preceding in Electrode Process.

Orig Pub: Chem. Listy, 1957 Sl, No 6. 1046-1051

Abstract: The problem of the glucose reduction kinetic current has been solved by an accurate method;
the scheme α -pyranose $\xrightarrow{k_1}$ carbonyl form $\xrightarrow{k_2}$ β -pyranose is assumed. Whereby the electro-
chemically active carbonyl form is understood.

Card 1/2

KOUTECKY, J.; PALDUS, J.

Two remarks concerning the properties of the Dewar reactivity number.
Coll Cz Chem 26 no.10:2660-2663 O '61.

1. Institute of Physica, Chemistry, Czechoslovak Academy of Science,
Prague.

S/081/62/000/023/001/120
B162/B180

AUTHORS: Koutecký, J., Paldus, J.

TITLE: Quantum chemical study of transannular interaction. I.
Model of (n,n)-paracyclophanes not considering the benzene
rings distortion

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 23, 1962, 6, abstract
23B15 (Collect Czechosl. Chem. Comms, v. 27, no. 3, 1962,
599-618 [Eng.; summary in Russ.])

TEXT: A model is suggested for (n,n)-paracyclophanes, which consists of two benzene rings, arranged in parallel planes one above the other so that their nuclear skeleton forms a D_{6h} symmetry group. The calculation of this model is carried out by the Parazer and Parr semi-empirical method under the following assumptions: Slater orbits with an effective atomic charge of 1.5 are used as the $2p_z$ -AO carbon atoms; the spacing between the benzene ring atoms is 1.39 Å, the resonance integral β_{CC} between the neighboring atoms of the benzene ring is taken as 2.388 ev, that between the atoms of

Card 1/2

Quantum chemical study of...

S/081/62/000/023/001/12C
B162/B180

different rings lying one above the other is calculated according to $\beta'/\beta = S_1/S_2$, where S_1 is the $2p_z$ -AO covering integral of these atoms, and S_2 the covering integral between $2p_z$ -AO of neighboring carbon atoms of the benzene ring: the integrals of the Coulomb electron interaction γ_{ij}^{kl} were calculated from $\gamma_{ij}^{kl} = e^2/(1.328 + r_{ij}^{kl})$, where e is the electron charge, r_{ij}^{kl} the spacing between the i and j atoms of k and l rings. The distances between the centers of the benzene ring are considered in the range 2.0-5.0 Å. The wave functions are analyzed for symmetry. At large distances, ~5.0 Å, the energy of the monoexcited states is found to be approximately the same as that of the corresponding states of a system of two isolated benzene rings. [Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

Card 2/2

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

PALDUS, J.

Institute of Physical Chemistry, Academy of Science,
Prague

Prague, Collection of Czechoslovak Chemical Communications,
No 5, 1963, pp 1110-1115

"Quantum Chemical Study of Transannular Interaction. III.
Model of (n,n) Paracyclophanes in Augmented Tight-
Binding Approximation not Considering the Benzene
Ring Distortion."

PALDUS, J; KOUTECKÝ, J.

Czechoslovakia

Institute of Physical Chemistry, Czechoslovak
Academy of Sciences -- Prague - (for all)

Prague, Collection of Czechoslovak Chemical
Communications, No 9, 1962, pp 2139-2150

"Quantum Chemical Study of Transannular Interaction.
II. Interaction of Two Double Bonds in the
Molecules of Germacroal and Bicyclo-[1,2,2]-
Heptadiene-(2,5) and Interaction of Three Double
Bonds in the Molecule of Barrelen."

PALOUS J.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

PALOUS, J.

Institute of Physical Chemistry of the Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences, Prague

Prague, Collection of Czechoslovak Chemical Communications,
No 10, 1963, pp 2667-2684

"Quantum Chemical Study of Transannular Interaction. IV.
The Effect of Distortion and Mutual Shift of the
Benzene Rings in Models of (n,n)Paracyclophanes."

~~EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 7 Vol. 12/6 Pediatrics June 58~~

1509. THE TREATMENT OF INTERSTITIAL PLASMA CELL PNEUMONIA IN PREMATURE INFANTS WITH PENTAVALENT ANTIMONY AND THE AROMATIC DIAMIDINES - Koraszdilöttek interstitialis plasmasejtes pneumoniája kezelésének új módja ötvegyértékű stibiummal és aromás diamidinakkal - Ivády G. and Pálidy L. Orvostud. Egyet. Gyermekklin. Kózl - ORV.

HETIL. 1957, 98/44 (1201-1204) Illus. 5

Fourteen infants were treated with ethylstibamine (0.05 g. daily i. m.), 4 patients with peniamidine (4 mg./kg. daily i. m.) and 1 patient with stilbamidine (4 mg./kg. daily given by very slow i. v. injection). Three babies treated with ethylstilbasine died, all the remaining survived. Early diagnosis is important.

Lorber - Sheffield (L. 7, 15)

PALDY, L.

KORPASSY, B.; TIBOLDI, T.; TOROK, J.; WALTNER, K.; GIOSSZILAGYI, G.;
PALDY, L.; KOLTAY, M.

Interstitial pneumonia of the premature. Acta med. hung. 5 no.
3-4:371-402 1954.

1. Institut fur Pathologische Anatomie und Histologie der Medizinischen Universitat, Szeged (for Korpasy, Tiboldi, Torok)
2. Kinderklinik der Medizinischen Universitat, Szeged (for Waltner, Giosszilagyi, Paldy, Torok, Koltay) (Eingegangen am 1. Juli 1953)
(PNEUMONIA, in inf. & child.
*interstitial in premature, etiol., clin. aspects & pathol.)
(INFANT PREMATURE, diseases
*pneumonia, in terstitial, etiol., clin. aspects & pathol.)

HUNGARY

PALDY, Laszlo, Dr; Medical University of Szeged, Radiological Clinic
(Szegedi Orvostudomanyi Egyetem, Rontgen Klinika).

"X-Ray Diagnosis of Congenital Dysplasia of the Hip Joint."

Budapest, Orvosi Hetilap, Vol 104, No 45, 10 Nov 63, pages 2118-2120.

Abstract: One of the lectures, delivered at the round table conference on "The Diagnosis of Congenital Dysplasia of the Hip Joint", is reported in the article. The conference, held 9 Feb 1963, was attended by representatives of pediatrics, orthopedics, the National Radiation Biological Institute and radiologists. In the present article it is stated that the necessity of the use of X-ray must be decided by the pediatrician and orthopedic specialist. The various types of dysplasia are described and the X-ray diagnostic techniques are discussed in great detail. The exclusion of X-rays from the diagnostic routine screening tests is welcomed by the author but extreme conservatism in its use during treatment of the existing condition is cautioned against. No references.

1/1

PALDY, Lasslo.; ORMOS, Jeno.

Congenital tuberculosis. Gyermekgyogyaszat 6 no.6:182-189 June 55.

1. A Szegedi Orvostudomanyi Egyetem Gyermekklinikajának (igazgató:
dr. Waltner Karoly egyetemi tanár) és Korbonctani és Korszovettani
Intezetének (igazgató: dr Dorpassy Bela egyetemi tanár) közleménye.

(TUBERCULOSIS

congen, fatal)

(INFANT NEWBORN, dis.

tuberc., congen., fatal)

REICHEL, J., prof.; PALEA, R.

Separating components in the synthesis of organic dyestuffs. XVII.
Absorption spectra of some nonsymmetric and symmetric benzidine dyes.
Studii chim Timisoara 8 no.1/2:25-39 Ja-Je '61.

1. Comitetul de redactie, Studii si cercetari, stiinte chimice
[Academia Republicii Populare Romine, Baza de Cercetari Stiintifice
Timisoara] (for Reichel).

(Dyes and dyeing) (Organic compounds) (Benzidine)
(Absorption spectra)

PALEA, R.

Director, 4E2c(j)

[REDACTED]

to 3 from the file 1-3 from STAR. III. On the utilization
of the system, it was determined all 3 components for separation
in the system were required. Mr. Reichel and Mr.
Dawson, Mr. [REDACTED] and Mr. [REDACTED] systems were
utilized on separate occasions in the operations of nitrogen
gas. The first time, the separation in the aromatic section
of the Distillation column was successful and the separation
of aromatic and aliphatic hydrocarbons in the aromatic section
was able to become more difficult as the synthesis of
aromatics increased. This was due to the fact that the purity was
not high enough to separate the aromatic hydrocarbons. The hydrocarbon
systems were utilized next in the synthesis of the aromatic hydrocarbons
and the separation of aromatic hydrocarbons was successful.

On the utilization of the GVA system, it was determined
that the separation of aromatic hydrocarbons and aliphatic
hydrocarbons was successful. The separation of aromatic
hydrocarbons and aliphatic hydrocarbons was successful.

PALEA, R.

A modification of the primitin fusion and the separation
of the melt by alcohol extraction. J. Reichel, R. Palea,
S. Iacobescu, and G. Gruscu. *Acad. rep. populare romane* (Timisoara), *Studii cercetari chimice*, 1, No. 1/4, 47-56
(1951) (French summary). - The process is characterized
by (a) fusing in $\text{CaH}_2(1)$ at 210° ; (b) removing I from the
preheated melt, (210°) by supersaturated steam at 250° ; (c)
septg. of the reaction products at $45-60^\circ$ with 95% EtOH.
This led to higher yields (1:1 ratio to the primitin base)
of dehydrothio- α -toluidine. This was stable in supersaturated
steam up to 290° while the usual impurities [β -Me(CH_2) $_2\text{NH}_2$
and 4,2-Me(HSiCH_3) $_2\text{NH}_2$] were removed easily.

Gary Gerard

PALEC, R.

10th anniversary of the Postgraduate Medical School in Prague.
Cesk.zdrav. 11 no.10:425-426 0 '63.

*

PALC, R. MUDr.

**In Memoriam MUDr. Jaroslav Pajkus. Česk. zdravot. 4 no. 1:58-59
Feb 56.**

**(OBITUARIES,
Pajkus, Jaroslav)**

PALC, MUDR. MUDR.

New phase in eradication of tuberculosis. Česk.sdravot. 4 no.2:
66-73 Mar. 1956.

1. Ředitel výskumného ústavu organizace zdravotnictví v Praze.
(TUBERCULOSIS, prevention and control,
in Czech)

PALEC, Rudolf, MUDr.

Role of internal medicine in further development of public health
in Czechoslovakia. Cesk. zdravot. 4 no.5:233-238 May 56.

1. Reditel Vyzkumného ústavu organizace zdravotnictví v Praze.
(MEDICINE, INTERNAL,
in Czech. (Cz))

PALEC, Rudolf, MUDr.

Public health in Vietnam Democratic Republic. Cesk. zdravot. 4
no.10:578-585 Oct 56.

1. Reditel Vyskumnego ustavu organizace zdravotnictvi v Praze.
(PUBLIC HEALTH,
in Vietnam (Cz))

PALEC, R., MUDr.; SKRBKOVA, E., MUDr.

Future of unified hospitals. Cesk. zdravot. 4 no.12:681-685
Dec 56.

1. Vyzkumny ustav organizace zdravotnictvi v Praze.
(HOSPITALS,
unification in Czech. (Cz))

PALEC, R., MUDR.; STICH, Zd., MUDR.; SKRBKOVA, E., MUDR.; VEMOLA, L., MUDR.

United hospitals in Czechoslovakia. Cesk. zdravot. 5 no.1:
21-28 Jan 57.

(HOSPITALS.
in Czechoslovakia, united hosp. system (Cs))

PALEC, Rudolf, MUDr.

Important aspects of medical documentation and records. Cesk.
zdravot. 5 no.6:301-305 June 57.

1. Reditel Vyskumného ústavu organizace zdravotnictví v Praze.
(RECORDS, MEDICAL,
(Cz))
(PUBLIC HEALTH, statistics,
(Cz))

SMAHEL, O., Doc. MUDr.; PALEC, R., MUDr.

Model plan for schooling & education of internists, 1st degree
& model plan for schooling & education of ward physicians. Cesk.
zdravot. 5 no.8:436-439 Aug 57.

1. Vedouci katedry interniho lekarstvi UDL v Praze. Vedouci katedry
organisace zdravotnictvi a zdravotnicke casvety UDL v Praze.

(EDUCATION, MEDICAL,

in Czech. (Cz))

(MEDICINE, INTERNAL, educ.

in Czech. (Cz))

PALEC, Rudolf

A specialized view of the district doctor. Cas. lek. cesk.
96 no.16:493-497 19 Apr 57.

1. Reditel VUOZ, Praha.

(GENERAL PRACTICE

in Czech., specialized view of district doctor (Cs))

PALIC, Rudolf

New phase of unified health services; new forms of administration of
health services. Cesk. zdravot. 6 no.1:1-5 1958.

1. Reditel Vyzkumneho ustavu organisace zdravotnictvi v Praze.
(PUBLIC HEALTH,
in Czech., unified health serv. (Cz))

PALEC, Rudolf, MUDr.

~~Review of medical developments up to the year 1957. Česk. zdravot.~~
6 no.3:103-110 Apr 58.

1. Ředitel Výzkumného ústavu organizace zdravotnictví v Praze.
(MEDICINE,
in Czech. (Cs))

PALEC, Rudolf, MUDr.

Research Institute for the organization of health services in Prague;
review of activities during the 5 year period between 1953-1957.
Cesk. zdravot. 6 no.7:317-328 July 58.

(PUBLIC HEALTH
in Czech., organiz. (Cz))

PALEC, R.; MARIANYI, J.; SINKUKOVA, L.; STEPAN, J.

Concept of health protection of industrial workers. Cesk. zdravot.
č. no. 9:471-483 Sept 58.

(INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE

health protection of indust. workers, concept (Cz))

STIKSA, J.; DVORAK, B.; PALEC, R.; SOUKUP, V.

Evaluation of working ability. Cesk. zdravot. 6 no.9:540-547 Sept 58.
(DISABILITY EVALUATION (Cz))

BOSAL, M.; MAKOVICKY, E.; PALEC, R.

Training of health workers for care of industrial workers. Cesk. zdravot.
6 no. 9:548-553 Sept 58.

(INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE, educ.
health serv. staff training (Cz))

Palec, R. ~~Palec, R.~~

PALETS, Rudolf [Palec, R.], doktor

Scientific Research Institute of Public Health Organization in
Czechoslovakia. Sov.zdrav. 17 no.1:50-56 Ja '58. (MIRA 11:2)

1. Direktor Nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta organizatsii
zdravookhraneniya.

(PUBLIC HEALTH

in Czech., problems (Rus))

PALME, R.

Seventieth birthday of Prof. M. I. Bersukov. Cesk. zdravot. 8
no. 1:17-18 P '60.
(BIOGRAPHIES)

PALC, R., MUDr.

Development of scientific trends in the theory of health organization. Cesk. zdravot. 8 no.5:268-274 My '60.

1. Reditel Vyzkumneho ustavu organizace zdravotnictvi.
(STATE MEDICINE)

PALEC, R.

On the threshold of 3d 5-year plan. Cesk. zdravot. 9 no.1:1-4
'61.
(PUBLIC HEALTH)

DAUM, S.; za technicke spoluprace: SRBOVE, J., dr.; KROUZKOVE, L., lab.;
SOUKUPOVE, J., d.s.; Statisticke zpracovani prom. matemat. KUBENKOVA,
V., VUOZ; reditel PALEC, R., MUDr.

The heart minute volume in emphysema of the heart. Cas. Lek. Cesk. 101
no. 15: 449-455 13 Ap '62.

1. Kardiovaskularni a kardiopulmonary oddeleni pri II int. klinice
KU v Praze, prednosta prof. dr. Fr. Herles.

(PULMONARY HEART DISEASE physiol)

PALEO.

On October 10, 1965, the Ministry and Organization of public health of the USSR, Order No. 5227-229, My'65.

1. Rezultát výzkumu užívání služeb zdravotníctva v ČR (2004).

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, August 01, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0012388

PALEC, R.

50th birthday of M'Dr. I. Nemola. Cesk. rada. 13 no.' :
477-480 S '65.

PALEC, R., MUDr., reditel

Integration of the ambulatory services in polyclinics. Cesk.
zdrav. 13 no.10:481-489 O '65.

1. Vyzkumni ustav organizace zdravotnictvi v Praze.

~~PALEČ, Rudolf., MUDr.~~

~~Scientific methods in organization of public health. Česk. zdravot.
4 no. 1:1-7 Feb 56.~~

1. ~~Reditel Výzkumného ústavu organizace zdravotnictví v Praze.
(PUBLIC HEALTH,
scientific methods in organiz. (Cs))~~

PALC, Rudolf (Praha 2, Sokolska 54.)

Principal aspects of organization development of public health before
1975. Cas. lek. cesk. 97 no.23-24:761-765 6 June 58.

1. Vyzkumny ustav organizace zdravotnictvi v Praze, reditel MUDr.
Rudolf Palec.

(PUBLIC HEALTH,
in Czech. (Cz))

MAKOVICKY, B. MUDr.; MARÍK, A., MUDr.; PALÍC, R., MUDr.

Principal trends in the development of health services according to
long-term planning. Česk. zdravot. 7 no.9:552-570 Oct 59.
(PUBLIC HEALTH)

PALETS, Rudolf, [Paler, R.], doktor

Regional system of the medical services and public health
institutions in Czechoslovakia. Zdrav. Ros. Feder. 8 no.3:
26-29 M-142 (MIRA 27-4)

1. Direktor Instituta organizatsii zdravookhraneniya, Praga.

PALEC, R., MUDr., reditel ustavu

Research Institute for Public Health Organization and its role
in the development of scientific work in theory, history and
organization of public health and in the development of scientific
principles of Czechoslovakian public health. Cesk. zdrav.
ll no.7/8:281-287 '63.

(PUBLIC HEALTH) (RESEARCH)
(PUBLIC HEALTH ADMINISTRATION)

VYSOHLID, J., PALEC, R.

A lifetime of study. (On postgraduate medical training). Cesk.
zdrav. 12 no. 3:85-88 Mr'64

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

KALDA, Jindrich, MUDr, CSc; PALOU, Vojtech, MUDr, ins.

1. Brno (for Kanda); 2. Komnice on the Lipa (for Palou)

Brno, Veterinarstvi, No 12, December 1946, pp 536-540

"Pyochacteria in the water as the cause of cattle para-allergy, with respect to mammalian and avian tuberculine."

KRYSPIN, J.; SKALA, J.; PALECEK, D.

Spreading electrophysiological reaction in normal and anesthetized
human skin. Cesk.fysiol. 9 no.3:243-244 My '60.

1. Laborator plastické chirurgie CSAV, Praha.
(SKIN physiol)
(ANESTHESIA)

DALCEK, F.

(Continued from previous page) *[Handwritten note: D-211]*
University, Cambridge). Platinized carbon electrodes
are used in conjunction with a Cd (mercurous) electrode.
This was applied to the separation of organic acids
which are relatively effective, used for thin
layer chromatography, sensitive substances can
be measured with an advantage by paper chromatography or
electrophoresis on paper. All care is taken
the method may also be applied quantitatively to very small
amounts of substance. The method avoids

a ionization process which often leads to a number of analytical
errors.

G. M. Blackman

(2)

PALECK, Von E.

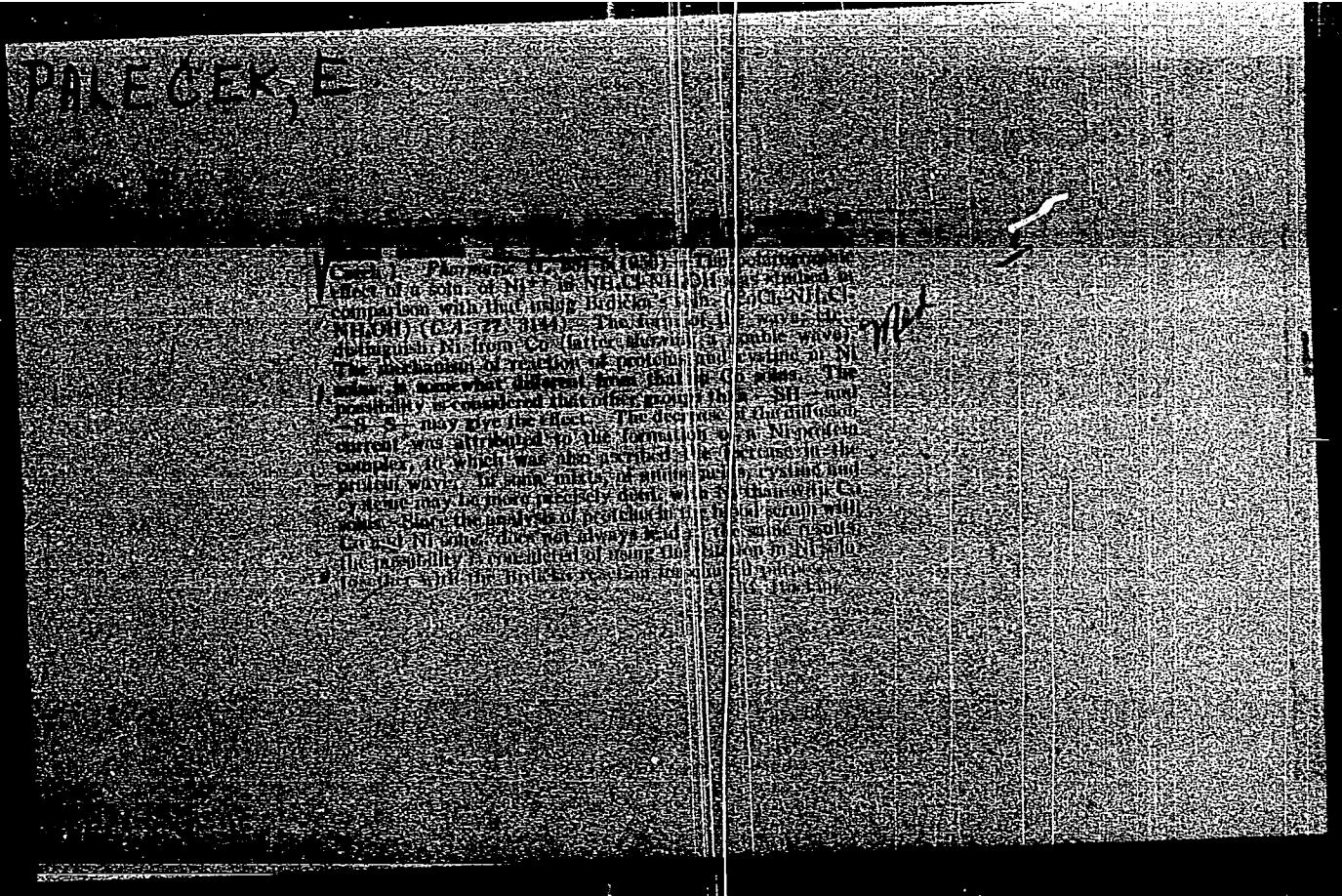
Czechoslovakia

"Die Polarographie der Biowasserstoffe, des Systins und Cystins in Nickellösung
by Von E. PALECK"

Submitted on Ringenhausen am 29, Dezember 1955 by: Emil Palecek, Brunn - 16, Sirotkova 43

SOURCE: Die Pharmazie, August 1956, Unclassified.

REF ID: A6570



7 4
Sensitivity of materials to colloidal gold. Karel Palenec
(Institute of Microbiology, Academy of Sciences, Brno). J. Electroanal. Chem., 1975,
100, 111-120. Cyclic voltammograms were taken with a Hg electrode and
a glassy carbon or Pt or a Hg drop cathode of 2% gold or 10%
silver in 0.1M CuCl₂ or 0.1M NH₄NO₂-NH₄Cl. The
anodes were made of Al/V, KCl or NH₄NO₂-NH₄Cl. The
potentials were dV/dT = ΔV (V) curves. Co, Ni, Zn, and
Ti in Hg drop gave noches whose depth was dependent on
the concentration. Cysteine and glutathione are active at Co,
Pt, and Hg electrodes in the basic aqueous gels. Adenosine,
acrylic acid, adenosine triphosphate, guanine, guanosine,
guanylic acid, and xanthine are active in the KCl gel.
K. G. Shaver

SOSKA, J.; DRASIL, V.; KARPFEL, Z.; SOSKOVA, L.; PALECEK, E.; BENES, L.

Significance of desoxyribonucleides in irradiated organism. Cesk. fysiol. 8 no.3:247-248 Apr 59.

1. Biofysikalni ustav CSAV v Brne a Biologicky ustav lek. fakulty v Brne. Predneseno na III. fysiologickych dnech v Brne dne 15. 1. 1959.

(RADIATIONS, eff.

desoxyribonucleic acid activity in irradiated animal
as index of effectiveness of transpl. hemopoietic
tissue (Cz))

(DESOXYRIBONUCLEIC ACIDS, metab.

in irradiated animals, as index of effectiveness of
transpl. of hemopoietic tissues (Cz))

(HEMPOIETIC SYSTEM, transpl.

desoxyribonucleic acid activity in irradiated animals
as index of effectiveness of transpl. (Cz))

Palecek, E. [Palecek, E.]

Oscillographic polarography of desoxyribonucleic and apurinic acids. Biokhimiia 25 no. 5:803-807 S-0 '60. (MIRA 14:1)

1. Institute of Biophysics, Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences, Brno.
(DESOXYRIBONUCLEIC ACID) (APURINIC ACID)
(POLAROGRAPHY)

PALECEK, E.

Oscillographic polarography of components of nucleic acid. Coll Cz
Chem 25 no. 9:2283-2289 S '60. (EEAI 10:9)

1. Biophysikalisches Institut, Tschechoslowakische Akademie der
Wissenschaften, Brno.

(Polarograph and polarography) (Nucleic acids)

ACCESSION NR: AT4008636

S/3039/63/000/000/0118/0125

AUTHOR: Soshka, Y.; Benesh, L.; Drashil, V.; Karpfel, Z.; Palechek, E.; Skalka, M.

TITLE: Significance of free deoxyribonucleotides at the onset of radiation injuries

SOURCE: Pervichnye i nachal'nye protsesseye biologicheskogo deystviya radiatsii.
Moscow, 1963, 118-125

TOPIC TAGS: radiation injury, deoxyribonucleic acid, deoxyribonucleotide, deoxy-cytidyllic acid, thymidylic acid, bone marrow mitotic index, mitotic index, irradiation, deoxyadenylic acid, deoxynucleotide, nucleoside, nucleotide, ribonucleoside, ribonucleotide

ABSTRACT: After a short description of their earlier work on the beneficial effect of certain deoxyribonucleotides on the course of radiation sickness in animals, the authors describe their experience with the use of some of these compounds in radiation injuries. When injected into mice at doses equivalent to 0.3 mg of desoxycytidyllic acid (DCMP) 24 hours after irradiation with 500r, only DCMP, thymidylic acid (TMP), and deoxyadenylic acid showed a statistically significant beneficial effect on the bone marrow mitotic index. Further, DCMP and TMP stimulated the synthesis of DNA in the bone marrow of irradiated guinea pigs in vitro. Deoxycytidine and thymidine were also active, but to a lesser

Card

1/3

ACCESSION NR: AT4008636

extent. Fresh chick embryo extract increased DNA synthesis by 86%, and an extract of embryonic tissue prepared with 0.6 perchloric acid was also active. Further fractionation of the perchloric acid extract showed that the fraction containing triphosphate was most active followed by fractions containing the mono- and tetraphosphates. Further experiments in which the bone marrow of irradiated animals was incubated with P³² or formate-C¹⁴ and nucleotides showed with the aid of autoradiography, that P³² uptake in reticular cells was increased 2 to 5 times in the presence of DCMP compared to 3 times in non-irradiated animals. The uptake or incorporation of formate-C¹⁴ was also twice as great. However, in the presence of thymidylate, only P³² was incorporated and the incorporation of formate-C¹⁴ into DNA was decreased. DCMP normalized both the adenine/thymine (A/T) and guanine/cytosine (G/C) ratios, while TMP changed only the G/C ratio. Since it was assumed that the nucleotides which stimulate DNA synthesis in irradiated animals may serve as precursor of DNA, experiments were carried out with the spleens of irradiated rats. For several hours after a dose of 600r the level of deoxynucleotides and nucleosides in the spleen remained above normal, falling below normal only after 24 hours. In order to avoid the heterogeneity and variability of splenic tissue, experiments were then performed with regenerating rat liver, rats being irradiated (600r) either 1-2 hours after or 24 hours before hepatectomy. These results showed that, although irradiation alone, like hepatectomy, increased the level of deoxynucleotides and nucleoside in the liver, irradiation prevented the increase in deoxynucleotides (but not that in deoxynucleosides) usually following

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hepatectomy. There were no marked differences in the content of polymeric DNA or in U. V. -absorbing (at 260 m μ) acid-soluble compounds between the animals subjected to hepatectomy, hepatectomy and irradiation, or irradiation alone, and controls. Paper chromatographic analysis of the various nucleic acid components showed the absence of purine deoxynucleotides. The authors conclude that the principal effect of irradiation is on DNA synthesis rather than on its polymerization. Orig. art. has: 2 figures and 5 tables.

ASSOCIATION: Institut biofiziki Chekhoslovatskoy AN, Brno. (Institute of Biophysics of the Czechoslovak AN).

SUBMITTED: 00

DATE ACQ: 20Dec63

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: LS

NO REF SOV: 000

OTHER: 012

Card

3/3

PALECEK, Emil

"Oscillographic Polarography of Nucleic Acids," Bratislava, Chemicke Zvesti, No. 11-12,
Nov-Dec 60, p. 798.

Affiliation: Biophysical Inst., CSAV, Brno.

PALECEK, Emil, KALAB, Dusan

Oscillopolarography of proteins, nucleic acids and their
components. Chem listy 57 no.1:13-25 Ja '63.

1. Biofysikalni ustav, Ceskoslovenska akademie ved a Vyzkumne
oddeleni narodinhu podniku Bicveta, Ivanovice na Hanze.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

E. FALECK and J. MIKULASKOVA, Natural Medicinal Products Res-reach Institute (Vyskumný ustav přírodních lečiv) Prague.

Pharmacology of Prolcodine.

Prague, Ceskoslovenska Farmacie, Vol 32, No 2, Feb 63; pp 20-24.

Abstract (English summary modified): Comprehensive toxicologic and pharmacologic studies of prolcodine, compared with codeine and morphine, in mice, rats, guinea pigs, rabbits and dogs. Same analgesic and antitussive potency with lower toxicity would seem to make prolcodine preferable to codeine for oral indications. Four tables, 6 graphs; 1 Czech and 19 Western references.

I 13584-66

ACC NR: AP6006069

SOURCE CODE: CZ/0053/65/014/006/0307/0307

18B

AUTHOR: Palocsk, F.

ORG: Research Institute for Natural Medicinal Substances, Prague (Výzkumný ustav
prirodních lecit)

TITLE: Effect of ouabain on skeletal muscle [This paper was presented during the
Twelfth Pharmacologic Days, Smolenice, 28 Jan 65.]

SOURCE: Československá fysiologie, v. 14, no. 4, 1965, 307

TOPIC TAGS: experiment animal, rat, carbohydrate, myology, pharmacology, drug effect

ABSTRACT: Description of methodology to study the effect of cardiotonic glycosides on
guinea pig and rat diaphragm in vitro. Ouabain had both positive and negative
inotropic effects in this study, depending on the dose and functional condition
of the muscle tested. [JFES]

SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: none / OTH REF: 002

Card 1/1 HW

HOSTOMERKA, I.; HANFÍK, F.

New anabolic steroids in pediatrics. Česk. pediat. 42: 100-103
996-1004 N '65.

I. Katedra fakultní pediatrie fakulty dětského lékařství
Karlových University v Praze (vedoucí prof. dr. J. Hostomerk,
DrSc.) a Výzkumný ústav přírodních léciv v Praze (reditér
doc. dr. F. Hanfík, CSc...).

PALECK, F.

Mechanical aspects of muscle contraction during activity.
Physiol. Bohemoslov. 14 no.1:23-27 '65

Mechanical aspects of denervated muscle contractions. Ibid.:
28-31

1. Research Institute for Natural Drugs, Prague.

LUKES, R. [deceased]; PALECEK, J.

Preparation of 3-acetonyl-glutaric acid diesters. Coll
Cz Chem 29 no.4:1073-1076 Ap '64.

1. Institute of Organic Chemistry, Higher School of
Chemical Technology, Prague.

LUKES, R. [deceased]; PALECEK, J.

Data on 2-methyl quinuclidine. Coll Cz chem 29 no.7:1582-1590
Jl '64.

1. Institut fur organische Chemie, Technische Hochschule fur
Chemie, Prague.

KUTHAN, J.; PALECEK, J.

Contribution to the Mannich reaction of formaldehyde with
acetodiacetic acid-diethyl ester. Coll Cz Chem 28 no.8:2260-
2264 Ag '63.

1. Institut fur organische Chemie, Technische Hochschule fur Chemie,
Prag.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

PALECEK, J; POLIVKA, Z

Institute of Organic Chemistry, College of Chemical
Engineering, Prague - (for both)

Prague, Collection of Czechoslovak Chemical Communi-
cations, No 12, December 1966, pp 4592-4597

"Azabicyclocompounds. Part 7: On the synthesis of
Winterfeld's 2-methyl-1-aza-bicyclo[2,2,2]octane
and the production of 4-methyl-1-aza-bicyclo[4,2,0]octane."

PALECEK, J.

Lumbosacralgia in the diagnosis of surgical diseases of the sacrum.
p.317. ZELEZNICE. Beograd. Vol. 11, no. 9, Sept. 1955.

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EEAL), Library of Congress
Vol. 5, No. 6, June 1956

PALECEK, J.

Plan for water distribution in 1960. p. 353.

VODNI HOSPOSARSTVI. (Ministerstvo energetiky a vodniho hospodarstvi a Vedecka
technicka spolecnost pro vodni hospodarstvi) Praha, Czechoslovakia. No. 9,
Sept. 1959.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 11, November 1959.

Uncl.

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KUTHAN, J; PALECEK, J.

Institute of Organic Chemistry of the Technical Higher
School of Chemistry, Prague

Prague, Collection of Czechoslovak Chemical Communications,
No 8, 1963, pp 2260-2264

"Report on the Mannich Reaction of Formaldehyde with Aceton-
dicarbonic Acidic Diethylester."

PALECEK, J.

Automatic ventilation of apartment houses, p. 318, POZEMNI STAVBY,
(Ministerstvo stavebnictvi) Praha, Vol. 3, No. 8, Aug. 1955

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EEAL) Library of Congress,
Vol. 4, No. 12, December 1956

077.05/12.0.1
PALEK, J.; VOLK, V.; ANISIMOV, S.; ZEMAN, V.; 1st Internal Cin-
ic Fac. of Gen. Med. Charles Univ. (I. Int. Klinika FMU. Vaclav.
Lek. Rk), Prague, Head (Pneumosita) Prof Dr V. HUMIG; Institute
of Hematology and Blood Transfusions (Ústav krevetologie a krevní
transfuzie), Prague, Director (Kreisel), Prof Dr J. KREISEL.

"Glucose-6-Phosphate Dehydrogenase Activity of Red Cells in
Hemolytic Conditions and in Hemolytic Anemias."

Prague, Czechoslovakia, Vol. 195, No. 2, p. 121-125, 1975
775 - 780

Abstract Aut. ps modified 7: The activity of glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase is reduced in the red cells of hemolytic anemia, in cases of hemolytic disease, and in patients suffering from paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria. It is also reduced or slightly higher in refractory anemia with sideroblastic anemia or aplastic anemia or associated with hyperplastic bone marrow. It is raised now, and normal or reduced with hypoplastic or aplastic marrow. The rise in enzyme activity is correlated to the severity of the disease. The activity exception of paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria is seen in white exception of paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria, except, in case hypoplastic or aplastic marrow. (cf. note, 16 western, 1975, p. 125-126)

- 18 -

CZECHOSLOVAKIA ADG 616 155 194 17 616 125 194 71 124 155 17
008 9 (577.158.42.084)

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

PALEK, J.

First Internal Medicine Clinic of Charles University (I.
vnitrni klinika KU), Prague

Prague, Vnitri Lekarstvi, No 8, 1964, pp 776-781

"Enzymopenic Haemolytic States."

PALCEK, J.

The so-called peritonitis chronica fibrosa encapsulans. Acta chir.
iugosl. 1 no.4:374-378 1954.

1. Kirurški odjel Opće bolnice u Slavonskom Brodu (Sef prim. dr.
Josip Palecek)
(PERITONITIS
chronica fibrosa encapsulans)

PALECEK, J.; TOUFAR, J.

Palecek, J.; Toufar, J.

Density of partridges in agricultural vegetation in autumn during October and November. p. 51.

Vol. 10, no. 2, March 1955
OCHRANA PRIRODY

SO: Monthly List of East European Accession, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 4, No. 9,
Sept. 1955, Uncl.

F. A. C. T. S.
Prausnitz, J.

contribution to the formation of esters in the reaction of
ethyl acetate with alcohols in the presence of

Department of Organic Chemistry, Institute of Chemical
Technology, Prague.

Palecek, J.

621.318.5.08
730. APPLICATION OF RELAY ALGEBRA TO THE SOLUTION
OF CIRCUITS IN COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS. J. Palecek.
Slaboproud Obror, Vol. 18, No. 1, 490-5 (1957). In Czech.

The technique of designing relay circuits by means of either like standard relay algebra or by special auxiliary tables is briefly outlined, and it is shown that the design can be simplified by introducing the so-called numerical symbols which represent the on and off states of a given relay in the system. The symbols can be arranged in tabular form and the design can further be helped by the so-called transfer diagrams. The method is employed to design a three-relay static system and a multi-contact dynamit (based on time graphs) input selector circuit.

R.J.Bikowicz

part

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

PALECEK, J

Institute for Organic Chemistry, Technical College
of Chemistry, Prague (Institut fur organische Chemie,
Technische Hochschule fur Chemie, Prag)

Prague, Collection of Czechoslovak Chemical Commun-
cations, No 3, March 1966, pp 1340-1347

"Aza-bicyclic compounds. Part 4: Hofman exhaustive
methylation of 2-methyl-1-aza-bicyclo (2,2,2) octane."

PALECK, Jaroslav

Ventilation of the B-3 kitchen and sanitary unit. For stay 1
no. 8:447-440 '63.

U. Research and Development Institute, Prague.

PALECK, Jaroslav;SKALA, Vratislav

Universal device for continuous extraction of liquids. Czech
Listy 58 n°.9:1095-1097 S '64.

1. Higher School of Chemical Technology, Prague.

PALECEK, Jaroslav

"Ventilation" by Jan Pulkrabek. Reviewed by Jaroslav Palecek. Stroj
vyr 10 no.4:213 Ap '62.

PALEČEK, Jaroslav

Collectors for flotation of minerals I; primary N-alkylamines.
Sbor chem tech no.3, part 2:421-426 '59.

1. Laborator anorganické chemie, Československá akademie věd
Katedra mineralogie, Vysoká škola chemicko-technologická, Praha.

PALECEK, Jaroslav; MARHOUL, Antonin

Collectors for flotation of minerals II; alkaline xanthogenates.
Sbor chem tech ro.3, part 2:427-434 '59.

1. Laborator anorganicke chemie, Ceskoslovenska akademie ved
a Katedra mineralogie, Vysoka skola chemicko-technologicka, Praha.

L 43622-66
ACC NR: AP6009339

(A)

SOURCE CODE: CZ/0078/65/000/011/0011/0011

INVENTOR: Palecek, Jiri (engineer); Trnka, Jaroslav (engineer) (Prague) No
Prague
B

ORG: none

TITLE: [Circuit of a subscriber's set] CZ Pat. NO. PV 7139-64, Class 21a

SOURCE: Vynalezy, no. 11, 1965, 11

TOPIC TAGS: telephone equipment, telephone network, telephone system

ABSTRACT: The circuit of a subscribers set of an electronic duplex line is described in which, in order to distinguish and separate both subscribers, at least two reverse poled pairs of corresponding poled diodes are used each connected in series with the other subscriber instrument. The distinguishing feature of the circuit is that both subscriber instruments are connected in series between the telephone lines through one diode of the first pair of like poled diodes and this circuit is at the same time short circuited by one diode of the second pair of like poled diodes. The subscriber instrument is connected to the second telephone line of the mixing line through the second diode of the second pair of like poled diodes. This circuit is at the same time short circuited by the second diode of the first pair of like poled diodes.

17/ SUB CODE: 09/ SUBM DATE: none

Cord 1/1

9.3200

S/194/62/000/006/001/232
D222/D309

AUTHOR: Palecek, Jiri

TITLE: On the algebraic description of electronic logical circuits

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Avtomatika i radioelektronika,
no. 6, 1962, abstract 6-1-7 kh (SE. praci Vyzkumn.
ústavu spoju 1959, Praha, 1960, 25-50)

TEXT: This new method, which is analogous to the algebraic methods of relay-contact circuit design, makes it possible to analyze or synthesize electronic circuits consisting of elements with two stable states. The specific features of designing electronic circuits are shown, and a method is given for the description of the operation of each element with the help of functional and inverse operators. The definitions of these operators and examples for the description of various elements are given. The possibilities of this method are shown through examples of circuit analysis; circuit synthesis is accomplished for several variants among which the most

Card 1/2

On the algebraic description of ...

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D222/D309

economical can be selected. The possibility of mechanizing the design process is emphasized. The method can also be used for the design of relay-contact circuits. 6 figures and 5 references.
[Abstractor's note: Complete translation].

Card 2/2

JAKOUBKOVÁ, J.; BEK, V.; HAVRANKOVÁ, K.; PALEČEK, L.; KOLDOVSKÝ, I.

'n the problem of lung metastases in Grawitz's tumor of the kidney. Česk. radiol. 19 no.6:393-397 N '65.

1. Radiologicka klinika fakulty všeobecného lekarství Karlovy University v Praze (prednosta prof. dr. V. Svab, DrSc.) a Ústav experimentalní biologie a genetiky Československé akademie ved v Praze (ředitel doc. dr. M. Hasek, DrSc.).

TRAPL, J.; PALECEK, L.

The significance of traumatization of pigmented nevi. Cesk.
derm. 38 no. 3: 169-173 Je '63.

1. II dermatovenerologicka klinika fakulty vseobecneho
lekarstvi KU v Praze, prednosta prof. dr. J. Obrtel, DrSc.
Radiologicka klinika fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi KU v Praze,
prednosta prof. dr. V. Svab, DrSc.
(NEVUS, PIGMENTED) (MELANOMA)
(SKIN NEOPLASMS) (WOUNDS AND INJURIES)

JAKOUBKOVA, J.; PALECK, L.

On the treatment of metastases of malignant epithelial tumors with
chloralkylamine preparations. Neoplasma, Bratisl, 6 no.3:311-314
1959.

(NITROGEN MUSTARD, ther.)
(NEOPLASMS EPITHELIAL, ther.)

FRANK, O.; PALECK, L.

Diagnosis and treatment of destructive tumors of the kidney in
children. Cesk. pediat. 11 no.12:914-918 Dec 56.

1. Klinika Detske a Orthopedicke Chirurgie, prednosta doc.
V. Kafka, Radiologicka Klinika, prednosta prof. Dr. V. Svab.
(KIDNEYS, neoplasms
destructive tumors in child., diag. & ther. (Cz))

KACL, J.; KOLAR, J.; MARX, F.; PALECEK, L.; POTOCKY, V.

Osseous changes as sequelae of post-traumatic vascular diseases. Cesk.
rentgenol. 16 no.2:109-115 Ap '62.

1. Radiologicka klinika fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi University
Karlovych v Praze, prednosta prof. dr. V. Svab.

(BONE DISEASES etiol)
(VASCULAR DISEASES PERIPHERAL compl)

LHOTKA, J., LANTOV, I., KR. H.; PR. PH. K.

Ortopedický oddelení Českého národního institutu výzkumu a vývoje
lymphopatia. Ústřední lek. ex. sv. 1/332-333 N 102.

J. II. chirurgické kliniky (prof. dr. J. LHOTKA),
J. II. ortopedického oddelení Ústředního výzkumu a vývoje
lymphopatia, Ústřední lek. ex. sv. 1/332-333 N 102.
Dr. V. ŠAFER, ředitel kliniky všechny akademické tituly.
Kromě výše uvedené.

HLADIK, Miroslav; PALECEK, Leopold; PAFLOVA, Helena

The importance of control urography in Wilms' tumor after the
preoperative irradiation. Cesk.rentg.14 no.4:246-252 Ag'60.

1. Detska chirurgicka klinika pediatricke fakulty EJ v Praze,
prednosta doc. MUDr. V. Kafka. Radiologicka klinika fakulty
vsobecneho lekarstvi EJ v Praze, prednosta prof. MUDr. V. Svab.
(NEPHROBLASTOMA radiogr)

KOLAR, Jaromir; SKALOVA, Hadasda; PALECEK, Leopold

Unusual manifestations of pulmonary cancer. Cas.lek.cesk.99 no.38:
1207-1212 16 S'60.

1. Radiologicka klinika KU v Praze, prednosta prof. MUDr.
Vaclav Svab.
(LUNG NEOPLASMS diag)

PALECEK, M.

"Use of ion exchangers in the analytical chemistry of silicates. II."

p. 355 (Sklar A Keramik) Vol. 7, no. 12, Dec. 1957.
Prague, Czechoslovakia

SO: Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC. Vol. 7, no. 4,
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Use of ion exchangers in the analytical chemistry of silicates. I

P. 320 (Sllar a Keramik. Vol. 7, no. 11, Nov. 1957, Praha, Czechoslovakia)

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